



ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

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REPORT ON SAMPLE OF LIME

FILE NO: 2003149932 DATE ISSUED: 6/03/2020

 MANNA ENTERPRISES
 CLIENT ID :
 MAN069

 PO BOX 1775
 PHONE :
 08 9316 8020

APPLECROSS, WA 6953

REFERENCE ID :

PHONE:

SAMPLE ID: MANNA 70/30 DATE RECEIVED: 3/03/2020

ANALYSIS REQUIRED: Full & Heavy Metals

ITEMS	ABBREVIATION	UNIT	RESULTS
TOTAL CALCIUM	Ca	%	33
TOTAL MAGNESIUM	Mg	%	1.71
TOTAL SODIUM	Na	%	0.656
TOTAL POTASSIUM	K	%	0.0914
TOTAL NITROGEN	N	ppm	48.4
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	Р	ppm	514
TOTAL IRON	Fe	ppm	1200
TOTAL MANGANESE	Mn	ppm	14.8
TOTAL ZINC	Zn	ppm	3.39
TOTAL COPPER	Cu	ppm	2.2
TOTAL COBALT	Co	ppm	1.43
TOTAL BORON	В	ppm	36.5
TOTAL SULPHUR	S	%	6.69
TOTAL MOLYBDENUM	Mo	ppm	0.618
CALCIUM CARBONATE	CaCO ₃	%	61.4
	(Calculated from Total Calcium)		
MAGNESIUM CARBONATE	MgCO3	%	5.99
	(Calculated from Total Magnesium)		
MATERIAL > 2mm		%	0
MATERIAL 1.00 - 2.00 mm		%	0
MATERIAL 0.85 - 1.00 mm		%	0.6
MATERIAL 0.30 - 0.85 mm		%	0
MATERIAL 0.075 - 0.30 mm		%	66.5
MATERIAL < 0.075mm		%	32.9
Electrical Conductivity		μS/cm	9400
рН		(1:5 Water)	12.2

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ITEMS	ABBREVIATION	UNIT	RESULTS	
NEUTRALISING VALUE	NV	%	68.5	
EFFECTIVE N 2003149932	ENV	%	68.1	
MOISTURE CONTENT	MC	%	0.375	
TOTAL MERCURY	Hg	ppm	0.0145	
TOTAL LEAD	Pb	ppm	2	
TOTAL CADMIUM	Cd	ppm	0.294	
TOTAL ARSENIC	As	ppm	1.32	
TOTAL CHROMIUM	Cr	ppm	9.83	
TOTAL NICKEL	Ni	ppm	2.28	
GYPSUM	CaSO4	%	36	

Notes on Neutralising Value

Neutralising Value is a measure of the amount of acidity a material can neutralise, or in the case of lime, its total liming value. An approximation of Neutralising Value can be made by $CaCo3 + (2.5 \times MgO)$.

Effective Neutralising Value is a calculated adjustment of the Neutralising Value, using the fineness of the lime. Lime retained on an 850 μ m sieve (the coarser fraction) is estimated to be only 10% effective (fully utilised in the short term). Lime in the 300-850 μ m sieve range (medium sized fraction) is estimated to be only 60% effective, while lime passing the 300 μ m sieve (finer fraction) is estimated to be 100% effective.

Where a lime has a low Effective Neutralising Value (due to a high proportion of coarse fraction), further grinding should increase its effectiveness to change the pH.

ITEMS	ANALYTICAL METHODS
TOTAL CALCIUM	HCI Evaporation, ICPAES
TOTAL MAGNESIUM	HCI Evaporation, ICPAES
TOTAL SODIUM	HCI Evaporation, ICPAES
TOTAL POTASSIUM	HCI Evaporation, ICPAES
TOTAL NITROGEN	Dumas method, LECO
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	HCI Evaporation, ICPAES
TOTAL IRON	HCI Evaporation, ICPAES
TOTAL MANGANESE	HCI Evaporation, ICPAES
TOTAL ZINC	HCI Evaporation, ICPAES
TOTAL COPPER	HCI Evaporation, ICPAES
TOTAL COBALT	HCI Evaporation, ICPAES
TOTAL BORON	HCI Evaporation, ICPAES
TOTAL SULPHUR	HCI Evaporation, ICPAES
TOTAL MOLYBDENUM	HCl Evaporation, ICPAES
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Calculated from Total Calcium
MAGNESIUM CARBONATE	Calculated from Total Magnesium
Electrical Conductivity	Method 3A1, water extract*
pH	Method 4A1, water supension*
MOISTURE CONTENT	Gravimetric method

^{*} Rayment, G.E. & Lyons, D.J. (2011). Soil Chemical Methods - Australasia. CSIRO Publishing, 150 Oxford Street, Collingwood Vic 3066, Australia.